# Not your Grandfather's SELinux!

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### Top new risks being mitigated by SELinux.

Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 introduces many new SELinux capabilities.

- Virtualization
- Users
- Enabling the Administrator
- Desktop Applications
- Other...





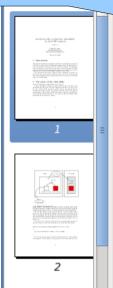
# Hypervisor vulnerabilities

- Not theoretical
- Evolving field
- Potentially huge payoffs
- Xen already compromised...





# XEN Vulnerability <a href="http://www.hacker-soft.net/Soft/Soft\_13289.htm">http://www.hacker-soft.net/Soft/Soft\_13289.htm</a>



3

Adventures with a certain Xen vulnerability (in the PVFB backend)

version 1.0

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This paper documents the research by the author to understand the nature of and write an exploit for the CVE-2008-1943 vulnerability[1]. In x86\_32 architecture case, the exploit can escape from a Xen PV guest to dom0. The challenges posed by SELinux are taken into consideration. Some techniques that failed to succeed with the lefault configuration (particularly, in x86\_64 case) are also documented, because

The exploits were we that comes with a domo-capable kernel. Additional domo-capable kernel and the comes with a domo-ca

to the test do

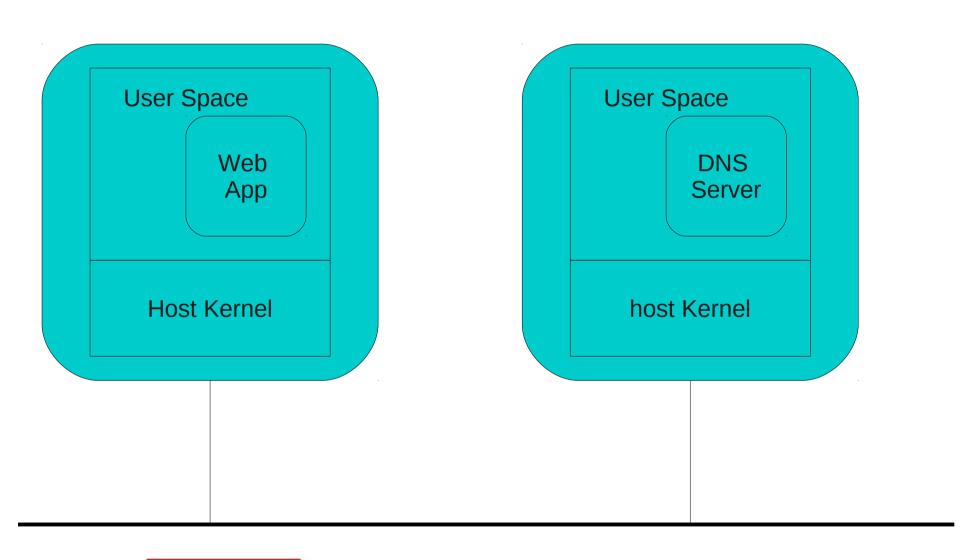
The Challenges posed by SELinux are taken into consideration.

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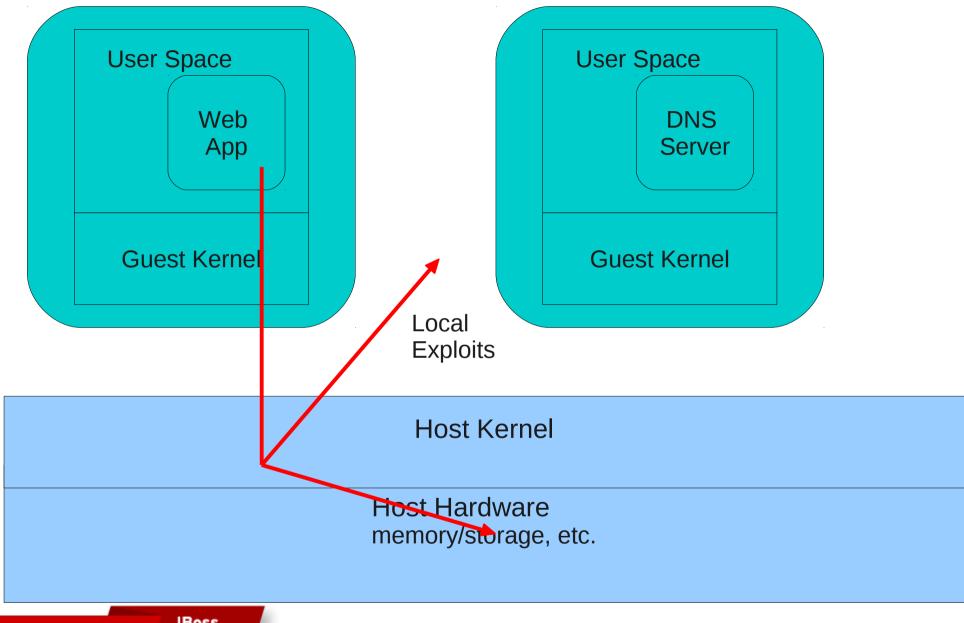
### **Before Virtualization**







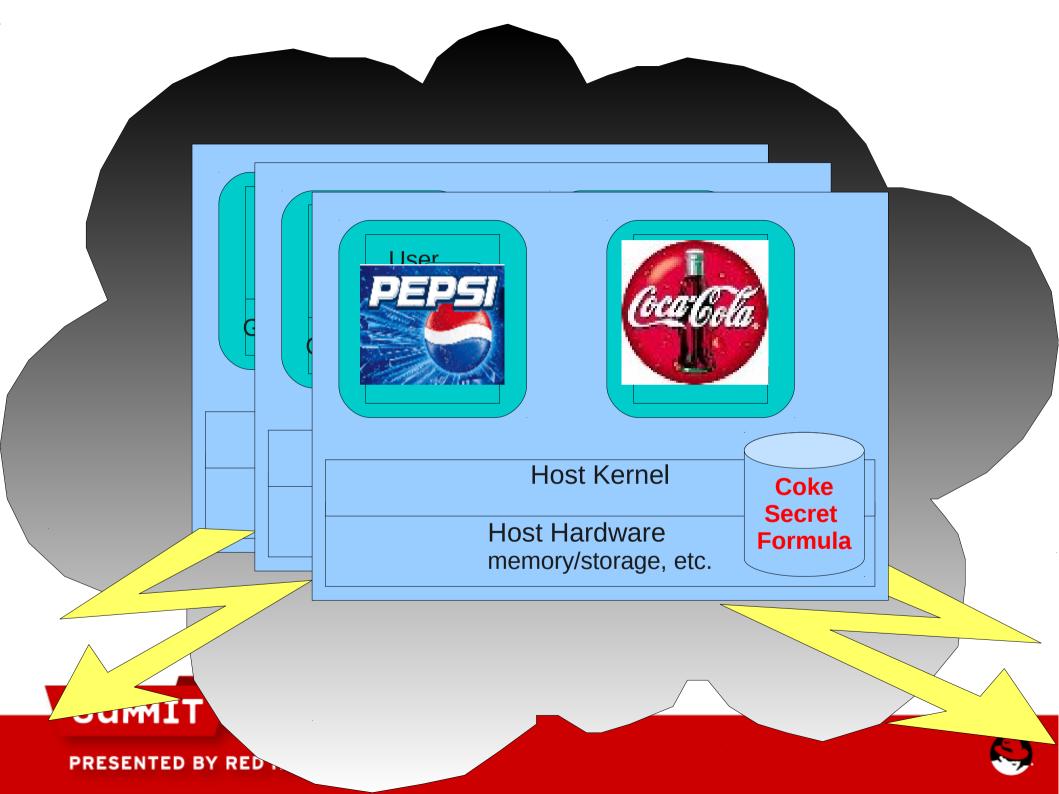
### **After Virtualization**





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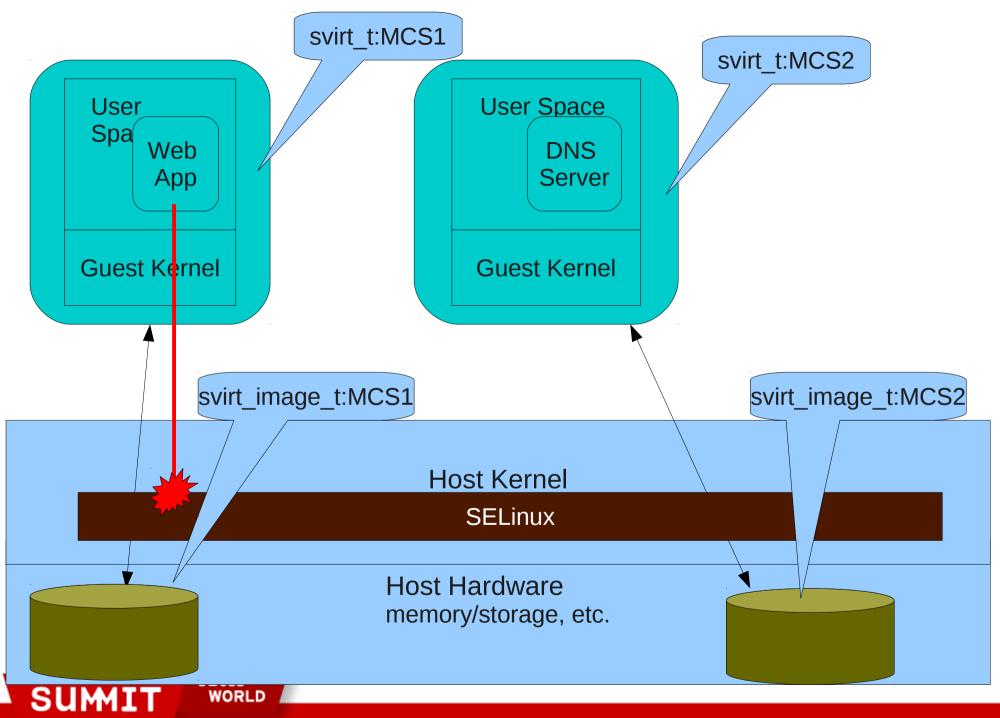
#### **Enter SELinux...**

### SELinux is all about labeling

- Processes get labels
  - Virtual machines are processes!!!
- Files/Devices Get Labels
  - Virtual images are stored on files/devices!!!!
- Rules govern how Process Labels Interact with Process/File Labels.
- Kernel Enforces these Rules.









### **Vulnerability - Users**

 Computers would be a lot more secure if we could eliminate the users...

Dave Bowman: Hello, HAL. Do you read me, HAL?

HAL: Affirmative, Dave. I read you.

Dave Bowman: Open the pod bay doors, HAL.

HAL: I'm sorry, Dave. I'm afraid I can't do that.

Dave Bowman: What's the problem?

HAL: I think you know what the problem is just as well as I do.

Dave Bowman: What are you talking about, HAL?

HAL: This mission is too important for me to allow you to jeopardize it.

- 2001: A Space Odyssey





### **Confining Users - RHEL5**





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### **Default SELinux User Types - RHEL6**

- Terminal user/ssh guest\_t
  - No Network, No setuid, no exec in homedir
- Browser user/kiosk xguest\_t
  - Web access ports only. No setuid, no exec in homedir
- Full Desktop user User\_t
  - Full Network, No SETUID.
- Confined Admin/Desktop User Staff\_t
  - Full Network, sudo to admin only, no root password. Usually a confined admin
- Unconfined user unconfined\_t (Default)
  - SELinux does not block access.

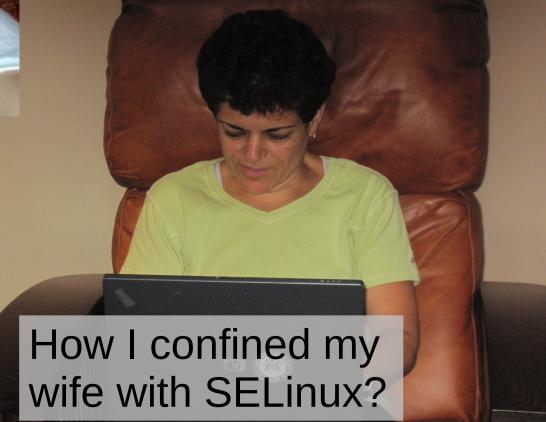




### **Confining Users - RHEL6**







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Not Likely...

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# **Vulnerabilities**

- Application vulnerability triggered by content can cause application to do bad things.
  - tcpdump vulnerability CVE-2007-3798
  - DOD Crossed Domain Solutions
  - Web Browser Vulnerabilities
  - Adobe Reader Vulnerabilities
  - OpenOffice
  - How can I trust my machine to be used for grid jobs?





## **SELinux**

- SELinux difficult to use on random applications.
  - Transitions process to locked down environment
  - Policy needs to be written
  - Somewhat hard coded
  - Does not lend it self easily to scripting
  - Processes with the same type can attack each other



# Introducing sandbox tool

- Run any application in a locked down environment.
  - Block Network? Access to Processes? Access to files? Homedir? X? dbus?
- Run untrusted applications?
- Run filters on untrusted data?





### Standard SELinux Sandbox

- Execution any app within SELinux Confinement
  - Blocks "open" call
  - Allows read/write on inherited file descriptors
  - Temporary storage allowed
- cat untrusted.txt | sandbox filter > trusted.txt





## Standard SELinux Sandbox

- Uses MCS labels for separation
  - Based on same technology as svirt/libvirt
  - Apps have same types/access but can not interact.
- Excellent for scripting
  - Pipe apps read stdin/write stdout
- Confinement of grid jobs
  - Wrap grid jobs in sandbox wrapper





# What about the desktop?

- How do I confine acroread?
- Large communications paths
  - X server
  - File system
    - Home Directory
    - /tmp
  - gconf
  - Dbus





### Sandbox -X

- Creates and populates temporary \$HOME and /tmp
  - Each sandbox has their own /tmp and \$HOME
  - Applications create content within the new homedir
- Different X server per sandbox
- SELinux labels confinement like standard sandbox
- Temporary \$HOME & /tmp deleted on exit





### sandbox -X DEMO





### **SELinux Policy Changes**

Category	RHEL5	RHEL6
Executable Types	327	630
Types	1787	3053
Roles	6	13
Allow Rules	124658	255093
Booleans	259	161
File Contexts	2366	3654





### Why did Booleans go down?

- DOMAIN\_disable\_trans booleans removed
  - Bad Idea. Caused other problems with type transitions.
- RHEL6 introduces permissive domains
  - Domain is not blocked by SELinux, AVC still generated
  - semanage permissive -a httpd\_t
    - Turns httpd t (apache) to a permissive domain





### **SELinux Policy Changes**

- Policy updates for
  - RHEL5, Fedora 7,8,9,10,11,12,13
  - Ubuntu, Debian, Gentoo
- open permission
- mac\_admin permission
  - Livecd:
    - Support for building images with "foreign" policy.





### **Multi Level Security**

- Desktop
  - X/ACE
- Multi-level virtualization
- mcstransd updated complex label encodings
- Networking Controls
  - Removal of legacy network controls
  - New unified peer controls for xfrm and netlabel
  - New ingress/egress/forward controls.
  - Labeled networking/access control enhancements





#### **Setroubleshoot Improvements**

- New gui, bug reporting, fix it button
- Limited intruder analysis
- New Plugins





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### **Tool chain improvements**

- File context equivalence.
  - semanage fcontext -a -e /var/www /src/web
- Policy module compression.
- Audit2allow analysis
  - Boolean support
  - Constraints
- Writing Policy
  - sepolgen /usr/sbin/rwhod
  - permissive domains





#### Resources

- Documentation
  - New user guide
  - Managing confined services
- External resources
  - http://www.selinuxproject.org
  - SELinux Notebook
    - http://www.freetechbooks.com/the-selinux-notebook-thefoundations-t785.html



